

# IELTS Recent Mock Tests Volume 4

## Writing Practice Test 6

### HOW TO USE

You have 2 ways to access the test

1. Open this URL <https://link.intergreat.com/x9FSs> on your computer
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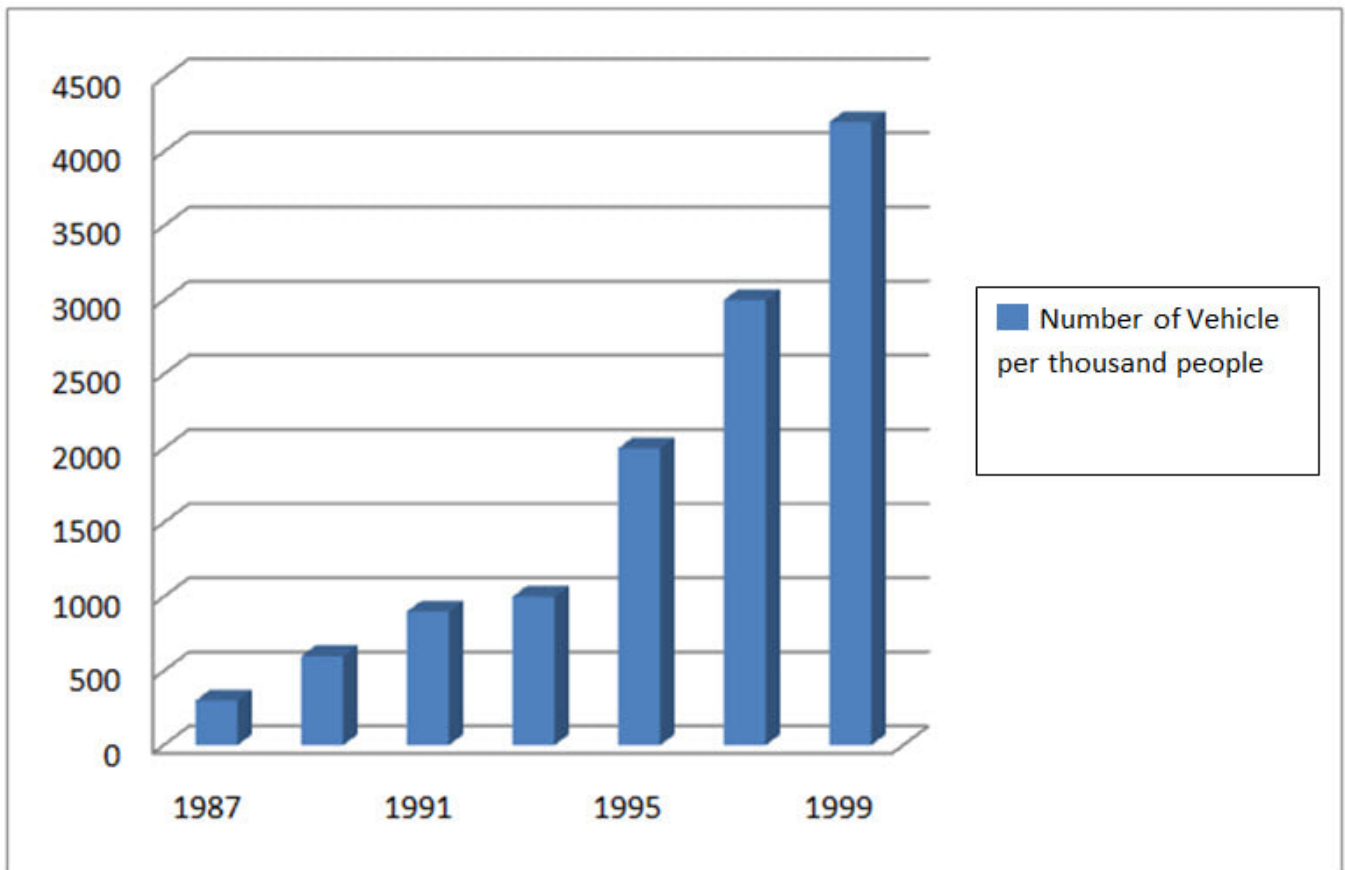
# WRITING TASK 1

You should spend about **20** minutes on this task.

The bar chart below gives information about vehicle ownership in China.

Write a report for a university lecturer describing the information.

You should write at least **150** words.



# WRITING TASK 2

You should spend about **40** minutes on this task.

Write about the following topic.

Rich countries should allow jobs for skilled and knowledgeable employees who are from poor countries. Do you agree or disagree?

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your own knowledge or experience.

You should write at least **250** words.

# SAMPLE WRITING TASK 1

The supplied bar chart depicts information about motor vehicle possessions in China during a twelve-year period since 1987 until 1999. In general, the number of motors owned by citizens increased gradually and marked a noticeable change of vehicle ownership during the observed times.

Looking at the details, vehicle ownership in China in 1987 pertained a figure about 300 vehicles per thousand individuals. This number swelled modestly between the year of 1987 and before 1995 which was about 1000 vehicles per thousand people. Furthermore, in 1995, the number of motor possessions went up dramatically, about 2000 vehicles and was doubled than the previous number. This figure grew significantly through the following years and in 1999, it accounted a steep increase, almost 4,100 vehicles had per thousand citizens. The figure extremely noticed a significant change of vehicle ownership between 1987 and 1999. In 1999, it was reckoned approximately twelve times higher than the rate of vehicle possessions in China in 1987.

# SAMPLE WRITING TASK 2

In today's modern world, although there are a number of countries who have become rich and more affluent by following the development and advancement of technology, there are still some nations who have remained poor. Therefore, some people assert that rich countries have an obligation to offer jobs to talented and wise workers who come from the poor countries, which I strongly agree with.

There are several reasons which influence my view. To begin with, the act of allowing jobs for skilled and knowledgeable employees from poor countries by rich nations is considered to be an effective way to help the poor countries and it will indirectly strengthen the relationship among nations. It is important to ensure there will not be an occurrence of war between the nations which may have negative effects on the people's lives, for example, it may even cost many innocent lives. By maintaining the close relationship between the countries by offering jobs for the employees from poor countries, the citizens in both nations can live in peace and serenity.

The following factor that supports the idea of offering jobs to employees from poor countries by rich nations is that it could prove useful in helping the poor countries, especially the third world countries to reduce the cases of poverty. By offering jobs to the citizens from poor nations, they are able to support their family financially when they get back to their home countries. As proverb said, kill two birds with one stone, this action is believed to be beneficial to both sides, not only it will help the poor countries to tackle poverty and starvation problems, but also will help the rich nations to continue to prosper and flourish in the decades to come. This is mainly due to the reason that the talented and intelligent employees from poor countries

can contribute endlessly to the rich countries.

In conclusion, I strongly agree with the idea that rich countries should allow jobs for the employees from poor nations who are talented and intelligent owing to numerous factors. I believe the poor nations will soon become richer as long as the rich countries are willing to lend them a helping hand.