

IELTS Recent Mock Tests Volume 3

Writing Practice Test 2

HOW TO USE

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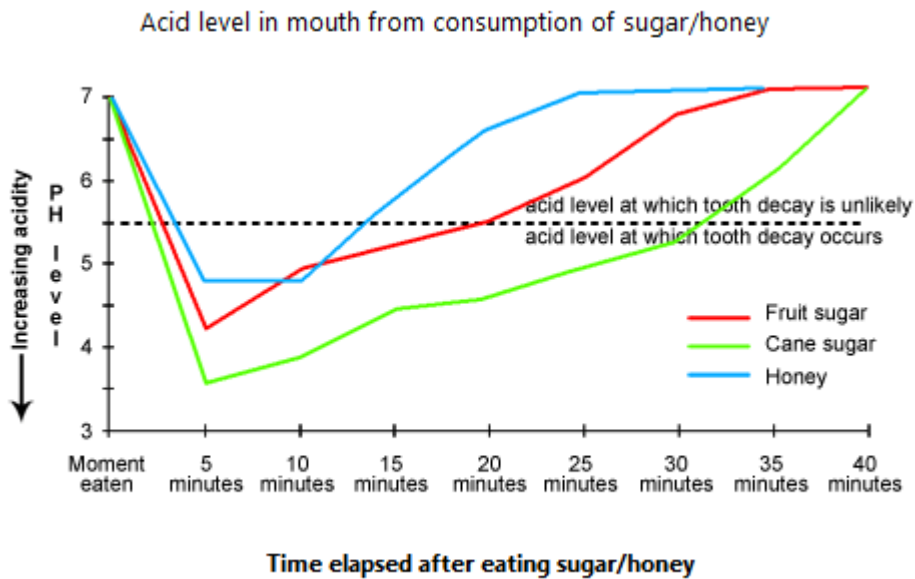
WRITING TASK 1

You should spend about **20** minutes on this task.

Eating sweet foods produces acid in the mouth, which can cause tooth decay. (High acid levels are measured by low pH values).

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features and make comparisons where relevant.

You should write at least **150** words.



WRITING TASK 2

You should spend about **40** minutes on this task.

Some museums and art galleries charge admission fees, while others have free entry.

Do you think the advantages of charging for admission outweigh the disadvantages?

Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your own knowledge or experience.

You should write at least **250** words.

SAMPLE WRITING TASK 1

The provided line graph illustrates the acid level in the mouth which is created by consuming sweet foods specifically sugar and honey and the possibility of tooth decay because of this acid level. As is presented in the line-graph, the higher the acid level the lower the pH value and a pH level less than 5.5 is detrimental to the tooth and causes the tooth decay.

The given graph shows that the initial pH level of our mouth is 7 which begins to fall after consuming sweet foods. When we eat sweet item like cane sugar, the pH level drops to 3.5 after 5 minutes and remain in danger level (below pH level 5.5) for more than 30 minutes. Consuming fruit sugar drops the pH level nearly to 4 and remains at danger level for about 20 minutes. And finally, when we eat honey, the pH level falls below 5 and it remains under risk level for about 13 minutes. As the low pH level means higher acidity and causes tooth decay, cane sugar among the mentioned three food items is the most harmful to our tooth.

(Approximately 186 words)

SAMPLE WRITING TASK 2

With the increasing popularity of museums and art galleries, whether they should be free of charge or not has drawn much discussion amongst the general public. Whilst many advocate that people should be charged to enter these places, others argue otherwise. Personally, I am inclined to the view that the merits of charging for entry outweigh the drawbacks.

Cogent reasons for charging fees are that the maintenance costs and the addition of new exhibits of any major museums and art galleries are tremendous. Undoubtedly, by charging a reasonable entry fee, it can help cover the cost incurred from day-to-day activities such as utility bills, repairing costs, renovation, and staff costs. Additionally, the entrance fees allow these places to expand quicker and they can buy in more exhibits to attract more people. Consequently, charging an admission fee seems very utilitarian to creating better museums and galleries.

However, the major drawback to charging admission fees is that it may reduce the number of visitors. This is particularly disadvantageous if poor members of society are unable to afford to visit these places. It seems a great pity if children and economically disadvantaged people are unable to benefit from the cultural experiences these venues provide.

In conclusion, I would like to reiterate that the benefits of an entry fee to museums and art galleries, in terms of funding maintenance and expansion prevail over the downsides. However, it is recommended that they can provide concessions to special groups such as students, disabled people and so on. Only by doing so can we ensure that people are still willing to pay a visit. [267 words]

Language:

advocate = recommend or support

merits = advantages

drawbacks = disadvantages

cogent reasons = clear and logical reasons

tremendous = incredible, wonderful

utility bills = bills for things like power and water

utilitarian = functional, practical

renovation = repair and decorate

admission fees = entrance fees

reiterate = repeat or restate

prevail = overcome, succeed