



IELTS Recent Mock Tests Volume 2

Listening Practice Test 4

HOW TO USE

You have 2 ways to access the listening audio

1. Open this URL <https://link.intergreat.com/MD98T> on your computer
2. Use your mobile device to scan the QR code attached



Question 1

Choose the correct letter, A, B or C.

Example

What's the name of the accommodation house?

- A. Jerry House
- B. Thomas House**
- C. Student House

1 The accommodation was originally built as _____

- A student flat.
- B local museum.
- C private house.

Questions 2-3

Choose **TWO** letters, A-E.

Which of the following **TWO** facilities are **NOT** in the house?

- A bathroom
- B balcony
- C computer room
- D garden
- E garage

Questions 4-7

Complete the table below.

Write **ONE WORD ONLY** for each answer.

RULE	
Bedroom and bathroom	4 _____
5 _____ room	Use before 11 p.m.

Lounge	6 _____ after 11 p.m
Yard	No 7 _____ is allowed

Questions 8-10

Complete the sentences below.

Write **NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS AND/OR A NUMBER** for each answer

8 _____ is only allowed on weekends.

The opening time of the front door is 9 _____

You can go to Room 101 beside reception to get a 10 _____

Questions 11-17

Complete the table below. Write **NO MORE THAN TWO WORDS AND/OR A NUMBER** for each answer.

Item	Tennis	Soccer
Number of teams	11 _____	4
Age	16-22	Up to 12 _____
13 _____	court 2	14 _____
Date	15 _____	16 _____ evenings
17 _____	George Hansen	Paul Bhatt

Questions 18-20

Complete the notes below.

Write **NO MORE THAN TWO WORDS** for each answer.

<p>The match always begins with a 18 _____</p> <p>19 _____ will be awarded an honour and prize.</p> <p>All players must write a 20 _____ by April 18th.</p>

Questions 21-24

Complete the notes below.

Write **NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS AND/OR A NUMBER** for each answer.

The tutor's new room number is 21

The tutorial time is at 22

The reason for the student to see his tutor is to 23

The student's trouble is to have many 24 to read.

Questions 25-28

Choose your answer below and write the letters, A-F, next to Questions 25-28.

What recommendations does the tutor make about the reference books?

Bayer: 25

Oliver: 26

Billy: 27

Andrew: 28

A	All
B	Research method
C	Main Body
D	Conclusion
E	Avoid
F	Argument

Questions 29-30

Choose **TWO** letters, A-E.

Which **TWO** of the following points does the tutor warn student's research work?

- A interviewees
- B make data clearly
- C time arrangement
- D reference books
- E questionnaire design

Questions 31-40

Complete the notes below.

Write **NO MORE THAN TWO WORDS AND/OR A NUMBER** for each answer.

Magic Meteor Astronomy

Meteors are usually named 31 _____

Meteoroids belong to inner 32 _____ system.

Meteor storms are more beautiful and amazing than 33 _____

The biggest meteor storm happened in 34 _____

Leonids are usually connected with 35 _____

A 36 _____ is brighter than any of the stars and planets.

Most meteors appear colour of 37 _____

In the 17th Century, many people regarded meteorite as 38 _____

The most magnificent meteorite event took place on 39 _____ 1908.

Dinosaurs became extinct about 40 _____ years ago.



Solution:

Part 1: Question 1 - 10

- 1 C
- 2-3 C,E
- 4 non-smoking
- 5 laundry
- 6 quiet
- 7 parking
- 8 party
- 9 6:00 am/6 am
- 10 front door key

Part 2: Question 11 - 20

- 11 6/six
- 12 20
- 13 venue
- 14 court 4
- 15 Sunday afternoons
- 16 Saturday
- 17 coach
- 18 barbecue (dinner)
- 19 MVP
- 20 confirm letter

Part 3: Question 21 - 29

- 21 614
- 22 2:00 p.m./2:00 pm/2 pm/2 o'clock
- 23 extend thesis deadline
- 24 reading materials

25 A

27 E

$\frac{29}{30}$ A,D

26 F

28 D

Part 4: Question 31 - 40

31 shooting star

33 meteor showers

35 comets

37 white

39 June 30 (th)

32 solar

34 1833

36 fireball

38 thunderstorms/thunderstones

40 65 million

SECTION 1

You will hear a conversation about accommodation rules.

Advisor: Good morning, everyone. I'm your accommodation advisor.

Well, firstly welcome to Thomas House which is one of the most popular **accommodations** in our university. I will give you an introduction about the house and answer your questions. As you know, the building was **constructed** in the middle of the 18th century and **Q1** was used **by the family of Thomas**. That's of course how the house and university got his name. We **repaired** it and added some new and modern facilities last year..

Student: Excuse me, advisor.

Advisor: Yes?

Student: What kind of facilities are there in Thomas House?

Advisor: There are three floors. A front hall and a dining room are on the ground floor.

Student: Does the house have a garden?

Advisor: Of course.

Student: And a garage?

Advisor: **Q3** No, we don't provide **parking lot** to students.

Student: OK.

Advisor: A small Gym with some new **equipment** is on the second floor.

Student: **Q2** Does it have a computer room?

Advisor: No. I mean a **leisure** room on the second floor and you can find a comfortable land with big **balcony** on the same floor.

Student: How about bedroom and bathroom?

Advisor: They are both on the top.

Student: How many students are there in one flat?

Advisor: Four to six.

Student: I wonder if I have to share a bathroom with others.

Advisor: No. We provide every student a bedroom and bathroom.

Student: Great.

Advisor: There are some rules in Thomas House. Firstly, **Q4 smoking** is not allowed in both your bedroom and bathroom.

Student: Does the house have a smoking **section** ?

Advisor: No. You can smoke on balcony or outside the house.

Student: Advisor, is there a **Q5 laundry** in the house?

Advisor: Of course. Laundry room is **located** on the right corner of the second floor.

Student: Sure.

Advisor: But please do not use it after **11 o'clock**.

Student: Is it free to us?

Advisor: In fact, you don't need to pay any bills which are **included** in your accommodation fee. But you have to pay **laundry** fee.

Student: How much?

Advisor: We offer two coin-operated washing machines. The large one is two pounds fifty and the small one is one pound sixty.

Student: If the lounge has a time **restriction**?

Advisor: Definitely. We ask all students to keep quiet and do not make **Q6 noise** after 11 o'clock.

Student: We know there is a **backyard** in the house.

Advisor: Yes.

Student: If we can park our car there?

Advisor: No. We do not allow **Q7 parking** in our yard.

Student: OK. Could we invite some friends to hold a **Q8 party** in the garden or lounge?

Advisor: We only allow party on weekends.

Student: Fine.

Advisor: The last rule is to pay attention to the opening time of the Front Hall. The door is locked at 11 p.m. and opened again at **Q9 6 a.m.** in the next morning. Remember to take the **Q10 front door key** when you go out early or come back late.

Student: How could we get the front door key?

Advisor: You can go to residents office building and get your key in Room 101.

Student: Sure.

Advisor: Well, any questions?

SECTION 2

You will hear an introduction about sports matches.

Good morning everyone. I am Mary White, the **Secretary** of the Exciting Sports Club. Welcome to attend matches **arrangement** meeting. I know you are looking forward to a great **season** . Now I'd like to give you a short introduction to our arrangement in this season.

This season we still have two **competitions**. One is tennis and the other is soccer. Let's start with tennis. There will be **Q11 six** teams competition. We hope the players' ages are between 16 and 22 years old. While the number of soccer teams is only four in this season. Because we hope all players' ages are no more than **Q12 20** years old. Now, in this new season there are some changes. The first one is the **Q13 venue** . We will arrange all our matches for both the tennis and soccer competitions in Magic Park instead of Darry Park which was used last year. Tennis matches will be arranged on court 2 and **Q14 court 4** will hold soccer matches.

On our match schedule all tennis matches will be played on **Q15 Sunday afternoons**. All matches will begin at 2 o'clock. Soccer matches in this season will be played at 7 o'clock on Saturday evenings. The joining fee is still **30 pounds** including a new sport gear. We still offer a week of training session before formal match for our new players. There are two training session at 3:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m. on next Friday and Saturday afternoon. The fee is only **12 pounds**. Now I'd like to introduce the **Q16 coach** of each training session. George Hansen who has been **supervised** the tennis teams for over four years will still be coach this season. While, we will invite a good soccer coach who has enough **patience** and professional skills to work as this season soccer coach. His name is **Q17 Paul Bhatt**.

In addition, we offer some activities to thank all players. Please look at your **brochure** . There are some activities and their time **arrangements**. At beginning we hope to start the season with a **Q18 barbecue dinner** on next Saturday in Magic Park. I do really hope all players will go there to enjoy the dinner and you may invite your **relatives** and friends. Of course they have to pay a listed fee with just 5 pounds.

And then, after the final match in this season, we will vote this season's **Q19 MVP** (the most valuable player). The two players from tennis team and soccer team will gain an **honour** and a prize from our sports centre. This season we hope all players can send a **Q20 confirm letter** to us to **ensure** our match arrangement. So please write to us before the **deadline** – it is on Thursday, 18th April. Our secretary – David Black – is in charge of collecting fees and your letters in this season. His room number is **214** and his phone is **332567** (fade)...

SECTION 3

You will hear a conversation about student thesis.

(knock at door)

Assistant: Come in please.

Man: Good afternoon. Oh, I am sorry. Is it Professor Lee's office room?

Assistant: No. It is room **640**. His new room number is **Q21 614** on the right of this corridor.

Man: Thanks a lot.

Assistant: You are welcome.

(knock at door)

Professor Lee: Come in please.

Man: Good afternoon, Professor Lee.

Professor Lee: Good afternoon. Come in please. I remember our **tutorial** time is at **Q22 two o'clock**. right?

Man: Really? Oh, I am so sorry. I remember it is at half past one.

So, I... I go to common room to wait for **thirty minutes** . OK?

Professor Lee: No, no. I am free now. Let's begin.

Man: I am so sorry.

Professor Lee: That doesn't matter. So, how about your work?

Man: In fact, Professor Lee, can I get an **extension** of time to hand in my work? I mean I hope to **Q23 extend my thesis deadline**.

Professor Lee: James, you know extension is usually given only for **medical** or accident reasons. So what's your problem? You have a good beginning with your draft. Isn't it right?

Man: Yes. While, I... I'm having too many **Q24 reading materials** to read. Too many?

Professor Lee: How many?

Man: Besides academic **journals** I have about 15 books to read next month. I don't think I can finish them.

Professor Lee: Oh, darling, you do not need to read them all.

Man: What do you mean?

Professor Lee: I mean you can choose some parts of these books which can help your work.

Man: Really? Could you give me some **suggestions** ?

Professor Lee: Sure.

(5 seconds pause)

Professor Lee: Do you bring your **reference** book list?

Man: Yes. I take it.

Professor Lee: Let's see. First, **the book by Bayer**, I think it is really worth reading.

Man: **Q25** Read it all?

Professor Lee: Yes. The topic of the book is nearly the same field with you.

Man: OK... I'll read Bayer's book.

Professor Lee: The next author is **Oliver**.

Man: I heard that his **Q26 argument** is very strong. But the book is a little difficult .

Professor Lee: You are right. But I still recommend you to know about his argument which will give you a lot of help.

Man: Fine. Do you think I should read **Billy's book**?

Professor Lee: About Billy, I have to say his work is very good, **especially** his research method, but **Q27 you do not need to read it now**.

Man: Right. The last author is **Andrew**. How about his book?

Professor Lee: In my **opinion**, the one by Andrew says the research findings – I mean **Q28 his last part is very excellent**, clear and **persuasive**.

Man: I agree with you. I am reading the book now.

Professor Lee: Great.

Man: How about others?

Professor Lee: I suggest you finish these books next month and then we will talk about others, OK?

Man: OK.

Professor Lee: Have you begun your **research** work?

Man: Yes.

Professor Lee: How are things going?

Man: That's OK, except the research method.

Professor Lee: What's wrong with the method?

Man: I have made some **interviews**.

Professor Lee: Yes.

Man: But I found that they couldn't give me the data I need.

Professor Lee: Who are the interviewees?

Man: Some are our classmates and others are **schoolmates** .

Professor Lee: Oh, no. James. It's better for you to **Q29** interview some professionals.

Man: Do you think it is better for me to change another research method such as **questionnaire**?

Professor Lee: I don't think you will have enough time to design it and then **analyze** your research data. That will waste you a lot of time.

Man: You are right.

Professor Lee: And pay attention to your reference.

Man: Reference books?

Professor Lee: No. I mean you should make clearly about what **Q30** reference books you read and then write them after your **thesis**.

Man: OK. I will make them clear.

Professor Lee: Fine. I hope to see your work quickly.

Man: I hope too. Thanks for your help, Professor Lee.

Professor Lee: That's OK. See you next time.

Man: See you.

Great thanks to volunteer **Ngoc Nguyen** has contributed these explanations and question markings.

If you want to make a better world like this, please contact us at ieltonlinetests@gmail.com

SECTION 4

You will hear a conversation about astronomy.

Woman: This is "Magic Time" from the BBC. I am Faith. In today's programme we invite a professor of **astronomy**. Welcome Lewis.

Man: Thanks a lot, Faith.

Woman: What magic information will you introduce to us?

Man: We all know the Leonids in August are coming, so today let's talk about meteors.

Woman: Good topic. At one time or another, almost everyone has **glimpsed** a swift little streak of light **dashing** across the night sky. Nearly everyone makes **wishes** when they see them and blame both good and bad luck on their **presents**.

Man: Yes. These sudden **celestial** visitors are meteors. We often call it “**Q31 shooting star**”. The glowing **trails** are caused by the **incineration** of a piece of celestial **debris** entering our atmosphere.

Woman: Many meteors are quick flashes, but some last long enough for us to track their **brief** course across the sky.

Man: Right. Now and then, a meteor truly will light up the night, **blazing** brighter than Venus – although rarely, even brighter than the Moon – leaving in its wake a dimly glowing trail that may **persist** for minutes.

Woman: Lewis, can we see some meteors every night in one year?

Man: Yes. Under a dark sky, any **observer** can expect to see between two and seven **meteors** each hour any night of the year. These are sporadic meteors.

Woman: Sporadic meteors?

Man: Yes. Their source bodies – **meteoroids** – are part of the dusty background of the inner **Q32 solar** system. Several times during the year, Earth **encountered** swarms of small particles that greatly increase the number of meteors. The result is a meteor shower, during which **observers** may see dozens of meteors every hour. Concentrations of material within the swarms may produce better-than-average displays in some years, with rates of hundreds per hour. And we're treated to a truly amazing display in which thousands of **visible** meteors can be seen for a brief period. The **phenomenon** is called meteor storms which are more **magnificent** than **Q33 meteor showers**.

Woman: Ah ha! That's wonderful!

Man: Definitely. The meteors that appear during a meteor shower seem to come from one point in, the sky. This **illusion** is an effect of perspective, just as a roadway seems to **converge** in the distance. Usually, meteor showers get the name of the **constellation** from which the meteors appear to **radiate**. Such as during the Perseid shower in August, meteors seem to **streak** from a point in the constellation Perseus.

Woman: When is the biggest meteor storm?

Man: According to records, in **Q34 1833** a storm of 60,000 meteors an hour shocked the world.

Woman: 60,000? That's unbelievable!

Man: By the **1860s**, scientists had known that many meteor showers were annual – including the normally Placid Leonids, which produced the big storm – and that they were somehow

related to **Q35** comets.

Woman: Really?

Man: Yes. But most of the meteors people have seen during one of the **annual** showers arise from **fluffy** particles not much larger than sand grains. As a particle enters Earth's **atmosphere**, it collides with gas atoms and **molecules**. The particle becomes wrapped in a glowing sheath of heated air and **vaporized** material boiled off its own surface.

(5 seconds pause)

Woman: Whether meteor is very near to us when it appears?

Man: No. In fact, it is an illusion. However even well-trained professionals can be fooled. Such as airline pilots have **swerved** to avoid meteors that were actually 160 kilometers away. A meteor that appears brighter than any of the stars and planets is a **Q36** fireball.

Woman: Fireball? That's so interesting

Man: Yeah. Most meteors are seen 80 to 120 kilometres above the ground. Sometimes, someone will claim to see a **viable** land on a hilltop, but in fact a real fireball first appears at a height of about 125 kilometers and loses its brightness while still at least 20 kilometres above the ground.

Woman: Yes. What colours do meteors have?

Man: Usually, most meteors look **Q37** white. but some also appear blue, green, yellow, orange, or even red.

Woman: What will happen if a **meteoroid** gets to the surface of the Earth without being completely vaporised?

Man: It will be meteorite.

Woman: I heard meteorites were long ago thought to be cast down as gifts from **angels** .

Man: Yes. And others thought the gods were displaying their anger.

Woman: Really?

Man: As late as the 17th Century, many believed they fell from **Q38** thunderstorms (they were nicknamed "thunderstones"). Many scientists didn't believe the accounts of people who claim to have seen meteors and some experts were **skeptical** that stones could fall from the clouds or the heaven.

Woman: Yes.

Man: One of the most **significant** meteorite events in recent history destroyed hundreds of square miles of forest in Siberia on **Q39** June the 30th 1908. According to local **witnesses** a ball of fire streaked through the sky and seemed to enter the atmosphere at an **oblique** angle. It

exploded, sending out hot winds and loud noises and **shaking** the ground enough to break windows in nearby **villages**. Small particles blown into the atmosphere lit the night sky for several days.

Woman: So, nowadays, the **prevailing** theory holds that a meteor exploded just above the surface?

Man: Yes. Most impact **craters** and basins larger than the Meteor Crater are heavily worn away or have been buried by rocks and dirt as the earth's surface changed. At present, Chicxulub Basin centered in Mexico's Yucatan Peninsula is the largest one. The diameter of basin is around 300 kilometres. Rock samples **obtained** by drilling into the basin show that an asteroid struck the earth there about **Q40 65 million** years ago.

Woman: Does that the same period with the dinosaurs disappeared?

Man: That's right. Many scientists believe this debris caused climate changes which made the dinosaurs not survive.

Woman: We do really hope that will never happen again.

Man: Right.

Woman: OK. Thanks for watching today's programme. See you next week.